



REBOUND® ACL

The next generation of ACL bracing

INDICATIONS

- Non-surgical treatment of ACL ruptures
- Post-surgical rehabilitation for:
 - Partial ACL tears
 - ACL reconstruction/augmentation
 - ACL revision

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USA (800) 233-6263 CANADA (800) 663-5982 WWW.OSSUR.COM

OPTIMIZATION OF REHABILITATION FOLLOWING ACL INJURIES

The Rebound ACL brace is designed to help optimize the healing process during functional rehabilitation following anterior cruciate ligament (ACL) injuries, whether during non-surgical treatment or following surgical reconstruction.

ACL RUPTURE - FUNCTIONAL (NON-SURGICAL) REHABILITATION PROTOCOL

ITEM	PHASE I (1 - 6 WEEKS)	PHASE II (7 - 12 WEEKS)	PHASE III (13 - 18 WEEKS)	PHASE IV (>19 WEEKS)
Rebound ACL	Day & night	Use for all activities	During exercises	Wean off as tolerated
ROM (Ext./ Flex.)	O/0/60 during first week (avoid anterior shear to the knee) O/0/90 week 2 -4 O/0/120 week 4 - 6 Regain active extension 0°	Work towards full ROM	Maintain full ROM & optimize LE flexibility	No limitations
Weightbearing	PWBAT with crutches & progress to FWBAT & d/c crutches when patient can demonstrate normal gait mechanics	Active Physiotherapy	Active Physiotherapy	Active Physiotherapy
Physiotherapy	Control pain and swelling, prevent infection (PRICE) Restore pain free (passive) ROM Restore normal gait mechanics Establish good quadriceps activation When 90° flexion is pain free, start with strengthening exercises LE up to 90° Avoid patellofemoral joint stress and anterior translation Train core stability, hip strength and cardiovascular fitness while wearing Rebound ACL	Proprioceptive and balance exercise (focus on CKC) Increase muscle strength and endurance Progress strengthening LE Improve neuromuscular control Train core stability, hip strength, and cardiovascular fitness while wearing Rebound ACL	Maintain Full ROM Maximize strength, proprioceptive and balance exercises Maximize neuromuscular control (CKC & OCK) Initiate plyometrics and light jogging, single leg hop endurance test Isokinetics to guide straight line running, single leg balance (at Biodex) Initiate return to sport/work activities with physician approval	Sport specific program should be goal oriented Continue dynamic strengthening and proprioceptive exercises Continue plyometrics and initiate agility training Progress sport specific drills

ACI RUPTURF - FUNCTIONAL (SURGICAL) REHABILITATION PROTOCOL

ITEM	PHASE I (1 - 6 WEEKS) Acute Management & Early Motion	PHASE II (7 - 12 WEEKS) Basic Strength & Proprioception	PHASE III (13 - 18 WEEKS) Dynamic Neuromotor Strength, Endurance & Coordination	PHASE IV (19-24 WEEKS) Athletic Enhancement & Return to Activity	PHASE IV (>24 WEEKS) Sports Performance & Injury Prevention
Rebound ACL	Day & night	Day & night	Use for all activities	Use for all activities	Use for all activities
ROM (Ext./ Flex.)	O/0/60 during first week (avoid anterior shear to the knee) O/0/90 week 2 - 4 O/0/120 week 4 - 6 Regain active extension 0° By week 6 ROM should be full extension to at least 135° flexion	Work towards full ROM	Maintain full ROM and optimize LE flexibility	Maintain full ROM and optimize LE flexibility	No limitations
Weightbearing	0 - 2 weeks: Touch down weight bearing with two crutches 2 - 4 weeks: Partial weight bearing 4 - 6 weeks: Weight bearing as tolerated	PWBAT> FWBAT Discontinue daily use of brace and crutches as allowed by physician when the patient has full extension and can straight leg raise (SLR) without extension lag	• FWB	• FWB	FWB> transfer to functional brace (CTi) for prophylactic use during sports
Physiotherapy	Control pain and swelling (PRICE) Protect Graft Fixation Full active and passive extension/flexion as is allowed < 90° (graft protection) Restore normal gait mechanics Establish good quadriceps activation Avoid patellofemoral joint stress and anterior translation Train core stability, hip strength, and cardio vascular fitness while wearing Rebound ACL	Proprioceptive and balance exercise (focus on Closed Kinetic Chain) Increase muscle strength and endurance Progress strengthening LE Improve neuromuscular control Train core stability, hip strength, and cardio vascular fitness while wearing Rebound ACL	Maintain full ROM Maximize strength, proprioceptive and balance exercises Maximize neuromuscular control (CKC & OCK) Initiate plyometrics and light jogging, single leg hop endurance test Isokinetics to guide straight line running, test single leg balance (at Biodex) Initiate return to sport / work activities with physician approval	Sport specific program should be goal oriented Continue dynamic strengthening and proprioceptive exercises Plyometric activities as appropriate to patient's goals Progress sport specific drills	Criteria for return to sports: Quadriceps strength at least 80% of the normal leg Hamstring strength at least 80% of the normal leg Ability to complete a running program Continue plyometrics and initiate agility training Maintenance program for strength and endurance

Note: Allograft revascularization is slower than for autografts. Therefore, crutches and brace are continued for 6 weeks. ACL reconstruction performed with meniscal repair or transplant: follow the ACL protocol with

avoidance of open kinetic hamstring strengthening for 6 weeks. Time frames for use of brace and crutches may be extended by the physician.

• LE- Lower Extremity, ROM - Range of motion, PWBAT - Partial weight bearing as tolerated, FWBAT - Full weight bearing as tolerated, FWB - Full weight bearing, OKC - Open kinetic chain, CKC - Closed kinetic chain, PRICE - Protection Rest Ice Compression Elevation